

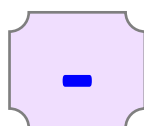
Metric units of measuring length

(subtraction and conversion
without regrouping)

Example: 1

Subtract 24 millimeters and 11 millimeters.

Solution:



millimeters
24
11
13



mm

Hence, 24 millimeters - 11 millimeters = **13 millimeters**.

So, answer is **13 millimeters**.

Convert 13 millimeters into centimeters.

Solution:

mm → cm

$$1 \text{ mm} = \frac{1}{10} \text{ cm}$$

$$13 \text{ mm} = \frac{13}{10} \text{ cm}$$

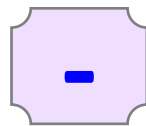
$$= 1.3 \text{ cm}$$

So, **13 mm** is equal to **1.3 cm**.

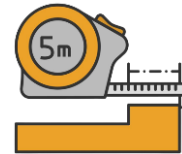
Example: 2

Subtract 37 meters and 32 meters.

Solution:



meters
3 7
3 2
0 5



m

Hence, 37 meters – 32 meters = **5 meters**.

So, answer is **5 meters**.

Convert 5 meters into **millimeters**.

Solution:

m → **mm**

$$1 \text{ m} = 1000 \text{ mm}$$

$$5 \text{ m} = 5 \times 1000 \text{ mm}$$

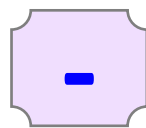
$$= 5000 \text{ mm}$$

So, **5 m** is equal to **5000 mm**.

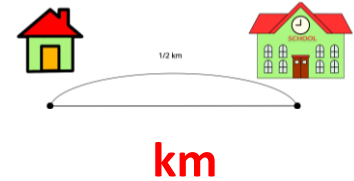
Example: 3

Subtract 26 kilometers and 10 kilometers.

Solution:



kilometers
26
10
16



Hence, 26 kilometers – 10 kilometers = **16 kilometers.**

So, answer is **16 kilometers.**

Convert 16 kilometers into meters.

Solution:

km → m

$$1 \text{ km} = 1000 \text{ m}$$

$$16 \text{ km} = 16 \times 1000 \text{ m}$$

$$= 16000 \text{ m}$$

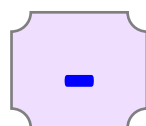
So, **16 km** is equal to **16000 m.**



Example: 4

Subtract 45 centimeters and 23 centimeters.

Solution:



centimeters
45
23
22



cm

Hence, 45 centimeters – 23 centimeters = **22 centimeters**.

So, answer is **22 centimeters**.

Convert 22 centimeters into millimeters.

Solution:

cm → mm

$$1 \text{ cm} = 10 \text{ mm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 22 \text{ cm} &= 22 \times 10 \text{ mm} \\ &= 220 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

So, **22 cm** is equal to **220 mm**.

Example: 5

Subtract 57 millimeters and 32 millimeters.

Solution:

	millimeters
-	57
	32
	25



mm

Hence, 57 millimeters – 32 millimeters = **25 millimeters**.

So, answer is **25 millimeters**.

Convert 25 millimeters into meters.

Solution:

mm → m

$$1 \text{ mm} = \frac{1}{1000} \text{ m}$$

$$25 \text{ mm} = \frac{25}{1000} \text{ m}$$

$$= \mathbf{0.025 \text{ m}}$$

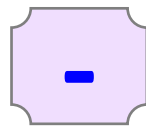
So, **25 mm** is equal to **0.025 m**.



Example: 6

Subtract 48 meters and 16 meters.

Solution:



meters
48
16
32



Hence, 48 meters – 16 meters = **32 meters**.

So, answer is **32 meters**.

Convert 32 meters into kilometers.

Solution:

m → **km**

$$1 \text{ m} = \frac{1}{1000} \text{ km}$$

$$32 \text{ m} = \frac{32}{1000} \text{ km}$$

$$= \mathbf{0.032 \text{ km}}$$

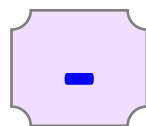
So, **32 m** is equal to **0.032 km**.



Example: 7

Subtract 65 centimeters and 24 centimeters.

Solution:



centimeters
65
24
41



cm

Hence, 65 centimeters – 24 centimeters = **41 centimeters**.

So, answer is **41 centimeters**.

Convert 41 centimeters into meters.

Solution:

cm → m

$$1 \text{ cm} = \frac{1}{100} \text{ m}$$

$$41 \text{ cm} = \frac{41}{100} \text{ m}$$

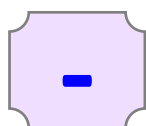
$$= 0.41 \text{ m}$$

So, **41 cm** is equal to **0.41 m**.

Example: 8

Subtract 59 meters and 42 meters.

Solution:



meters
59
42
17



m

Hence, 59 meters – 42 meters = **17 meters**.

So, answer is **17 meters**.

Convert 17 meters into centimeters.

Solution:

m → **cm**

$$1 \text{ m} = 100 \text{ cm}$$

$$17 \text{ m} = 17 \times 100 \text{ cm}$$

$$= 1700 \text{ cm}$$

So, **17 m** is equal to **1700 cm**.