# Subtraction Equation 

$>$ Subtraction equation is a mathematical operation that involves the subtraction operator.
$>$ Mathematical equation that shows two numbers being subtracted is equal to two other number being subtracted.
$>$ There is an equal sign in between, both side must equal the same number.
For example,
$7-5=8-6$ is an example for subtraction equation.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 7-5=2 \\
& 8-6=2
\end{aligned}
$$

$>$ The numbers may be different, but after subtraction the answer will be the same.
$7-5=8-6$ is an example for subtraction equation.

$\begin{array}{lllll}5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1\end{array}$


Both side has same answer that is 2 .

$$
7-5=8-6=2
$$

## Examples for balanced equation

1) $49-45=34-30$
L.H.S

$$
49-45=?
$$

$$
\begin{array}{rr}
49 & 9-5=4 \\
-45 & 4-4=0 \\
\cline { 1 - 1 } 04 & \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

$$
49-45=4
$$

$$
49-45=34-30=4
$$

1) $75-70=25-20$
$75-70=5$
$25-20=5$
$75-70=25-20=5$
2) $82-75=15-8$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 82-75=7 \\
& 15-8=7 \\
& 82-75=15-8=7
\end{aligned}
$$

## R.H.S

$$
34-30=?
$$

$$
\begin{array}{rr}
34 & 4-0=4 \\
30 & 3-3=0 \\
\hline 04 & \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

$$
34-30=4
$$

## Example 1:

 Find the missing number $\quad 9-\square=4-0$
## Solution :

In the left hand side, we have
But In the right hand side, we have

$$
4-0 \longmapsto 4-0 \text { equals to } 4 \Rightarrow 4-0=4
$$

In a balanced equation, both left and right hand side answers will be the same.
Therefore, $9-\square=4$
From 9, what number should be subtracted to get 4?

$$
9-5=4
$$

$$
9-5=4-0
$$

That is 5 .

Example 2: Find the missing number 29- $\square=45-35$

## Solution :

In the left hand side, we have $29-\square$
But In the right hand side, we have

$$
45-35 \Rightarrow 45-35 \text { equals to } 10 \Rightarrow 45-35=10
$$

In a balanced equation, both left and right hand side answers will be the same.
Therefore, $29-\square=10$
From 29, what number should be subtracted to get 10 ?

$$
29-19=10 \quad 29-19=45-35
$$

That is 19.

